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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/645,144	08/20/2003	Bryan Richards	20499.CIP	7153
20551	7590 09/22/2004		EXAMINER	
	ORTH & WESTERN, LI 700 EAST, SUITE 200	JULES, FRANTZ F		
P.O. BOX 1219			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SANDY, UT	84070		3617	
			DATE MAILED: 09/22/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/645,144	RICHARDS, BRYAN				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Frantz F. Jules	3617				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)☐ Respon	sive to communication(s) filed on	·					
2a) ☐ This act	tion is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ Thi	s action is non-final.					
3)☐ Since th	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed i	n accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
· ·	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,4,10,11,13,14,16 and 18</u> is/are rejected.						
	7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2,3,5-9,12,15,17,19 and 20</u> is/are objected to. 8)□ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
o) Claim(s	g are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.					
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1.□ C	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
	person's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) closure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 iil Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)				

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Double Patenting

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 1, 4 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 3 of copending Application No. 10/225,225. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claims 1 and 4 teaches all the limitations of claims 1 and 3 of the co-pending US application No. 10,225,225 except for a transit system comprising a plurality of guideway modules disposed in end to end to form a continuous guideway. The general concept of simplifying a structure by reducing the number of components thereof falls within the range of common knowledge as obvious reduction of parts which carry no patentable weight. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the copending application to eliminate the plurality of guideway modules to a single module in order to reduce the cost of the system.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

3. Claims 14, 16, 18 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 6, 9, and 14 of copending Application No. 10/225,225 in view of Park (US 6,318,274).

The co-pending application teach all the limitations of claims 14, 16, and 18 except for a transit system comprising an elongated guideway for the vehicles. The general concept of providing an elongated guideway to a transit system is well known in the art as illustrated by Park which discloses the teaching of an elongated guideway in a transit system. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the co-pending application to include the use of an elongated guideway in his advantageous transit system as taught by Park in order to reduce the weight and cost of the system.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1, 10-11, 13-14, 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Park (US 6,318,274) in view of Clejan (US 3,285,194). Claims 1, 10-11, 13-14

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Park teaches all the limitations of claims 1, and 14 except for a transit system comprising a plurality of selectively actuable rider access portals disposed in a side of the guideway. The general concept of providing a plurality of selectively actuable rider access portals disposed in a side of the guideway in a transit system is well known in the art as illustrated by Clejan which discloses the teaching of a plurality of selectively actuable rider access portals disposed in a side of a vehicle. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Park to include the use of a plurality of selectively actuable rider access portals disposed in a side of the guideway of his advantageous transit system as taught by Clejan in order to provide for loading of vehicles on the side of the guideway thereby removing the necessity to park the vehicle in a loading yard.

## Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 2-3, 5-9, 17-19 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Frantz F. Jules whose telephone number is (703) 308-8780. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday and every other Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph S. Morano can be reached on (703) 308-0230. The fax phone

number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Frantz F. Jules Primary Examiner Art Unit 3617

FFJ

September 16, 2004

FRANTZ F. JULES
PRIMARY EXAMINER